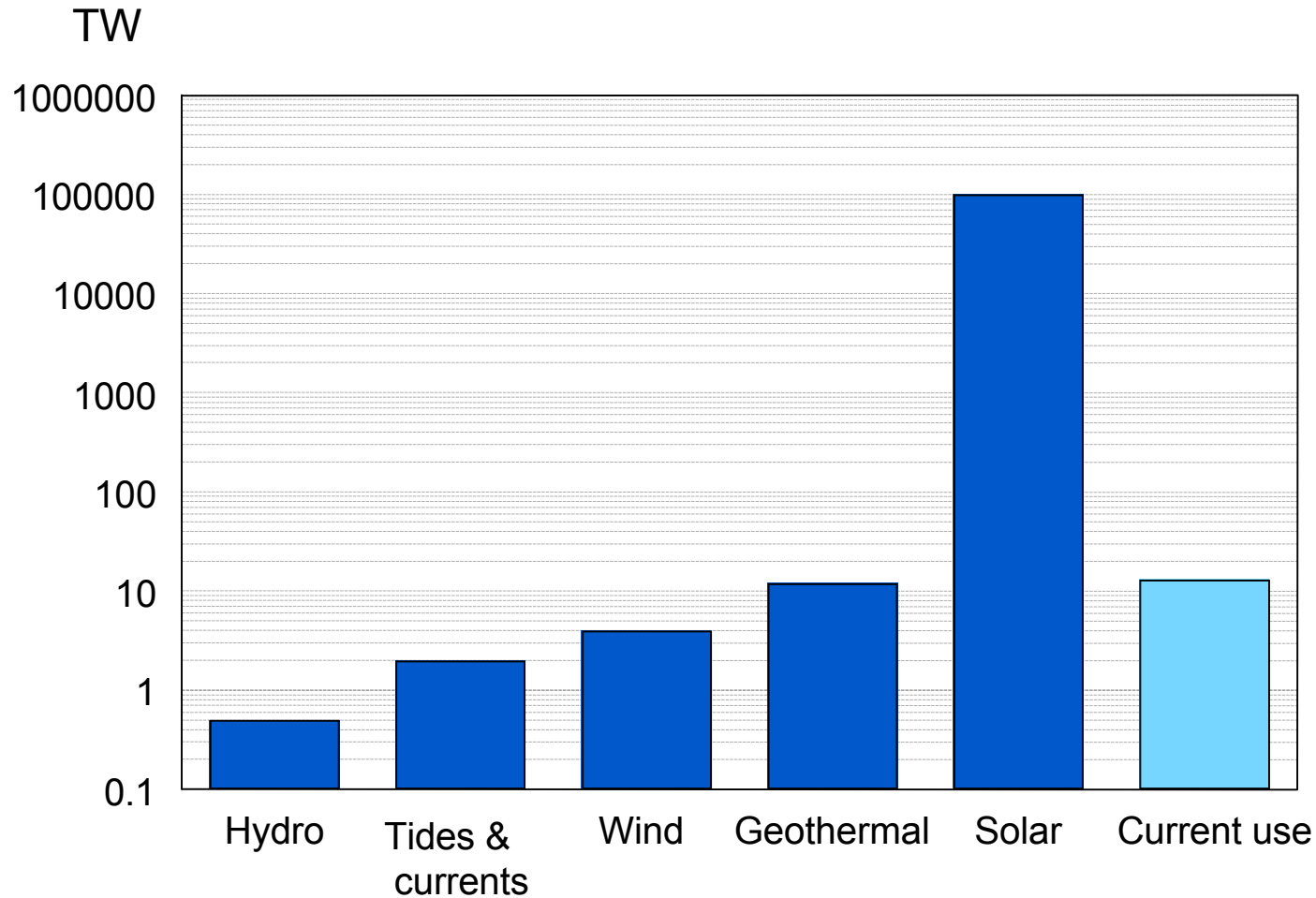




Bioenergy: Science, Technology, Sustainability

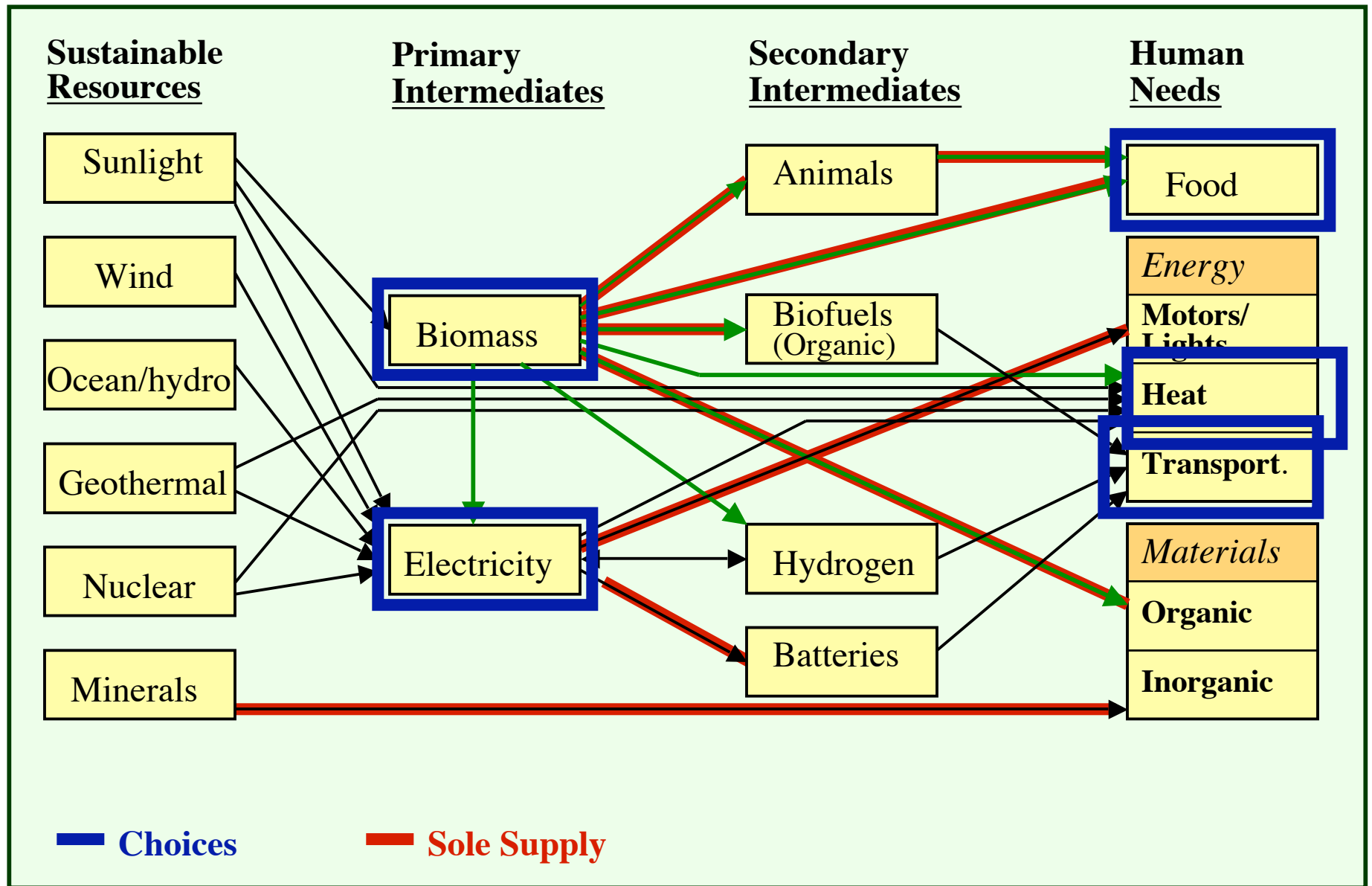
**Tom Richard
Penn State University
www.bioenergy.psu.edu**

Potential of underused renewable energy sources



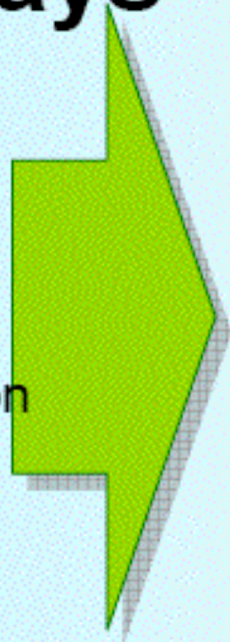
From: Basic Research Needs for Solar Energy Utilization, DOE 2005

Imagining a Sustainable World

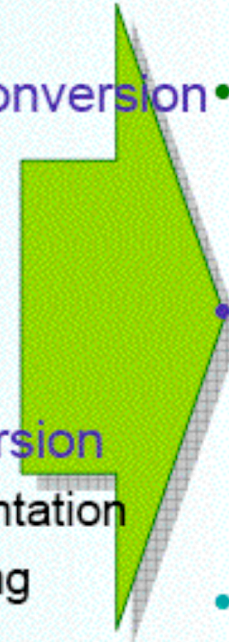


Principal Biomass Conversion Pathways

- Production
- Collection
- Processing
- Storage
- Transportation



- Thermochemical Conversion
 - Combustion
 - Gasification
 - Pyrolysis
 - Refining
- Biochemical Conversion
 - Anaerobic/Fermentation
 - Aerobic Processing
 - Biophotolysis
- Physicochemical
 - Esters
 - Alkanes



- Energy
 - Heat
 - Electricity
- Fuels
 - Solids
 - Liquids
 - Gases
- Products
 - Chemicals
 - Materials

**Biomass
Feedstock**



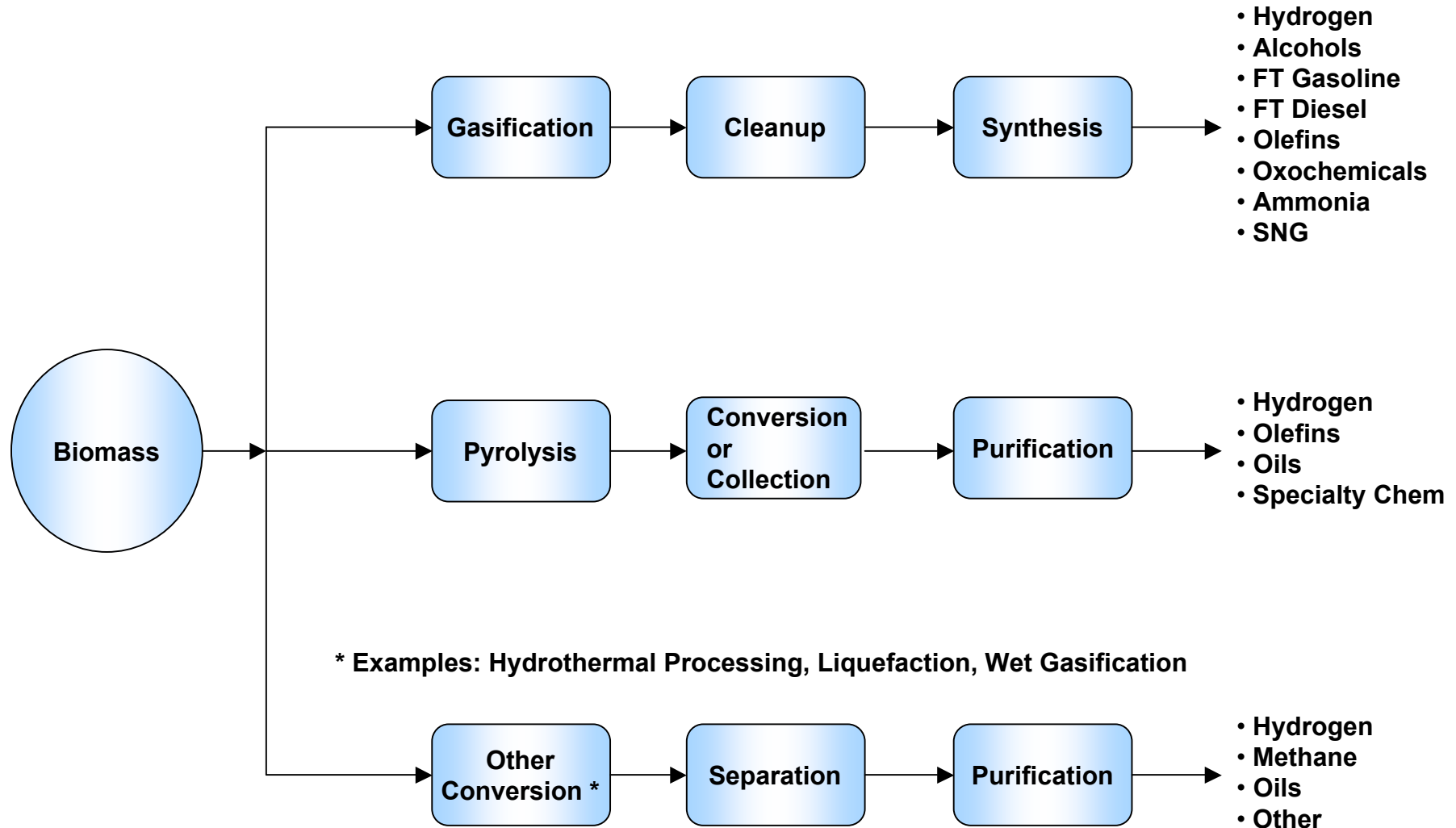
**Integrated
Biorefinery**



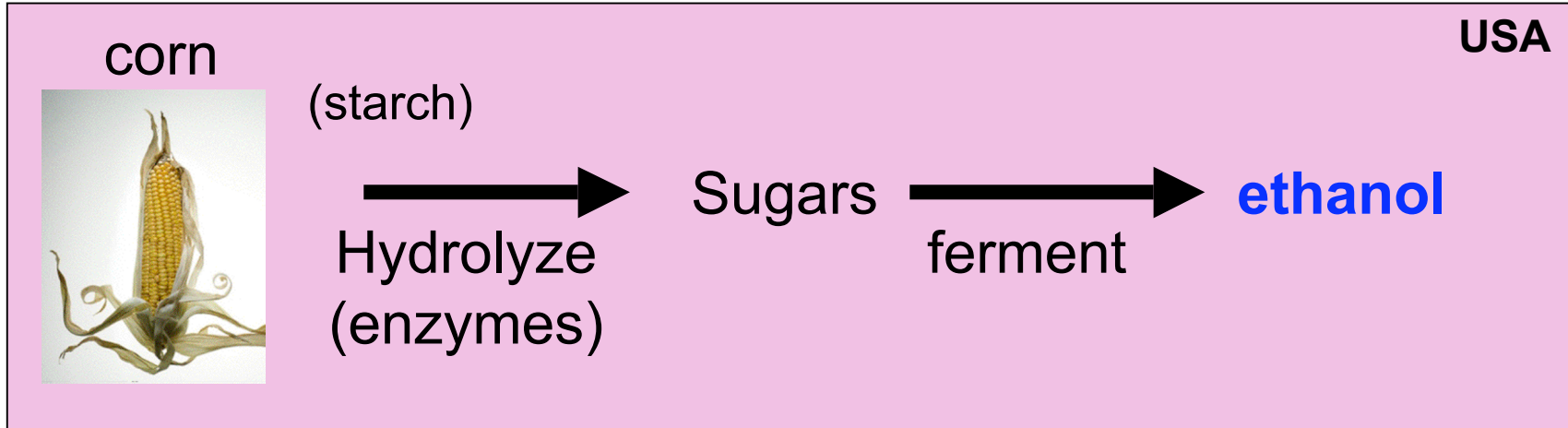
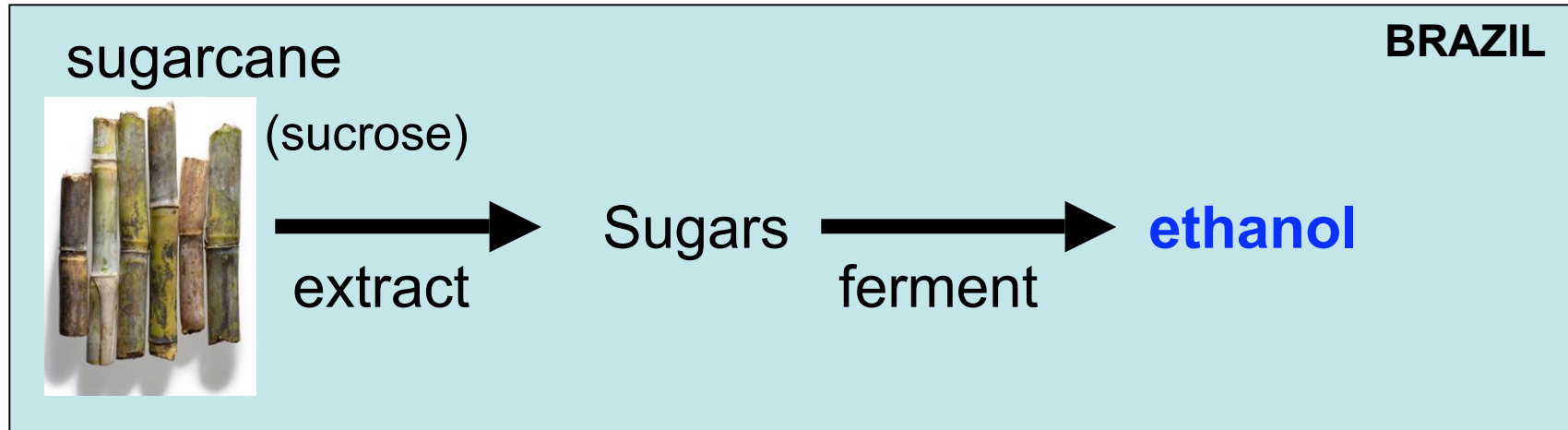
**Value added
products**



Thermochemical Technologies



Ethanol Production Today



Brazil and the US are the leaders in ethanol fuel production
They use the “easy way” to make ethanol.

Dan Cosgrove, Penn State

Cell walls → fuel

Slow & expensive step

“recalcitrance”

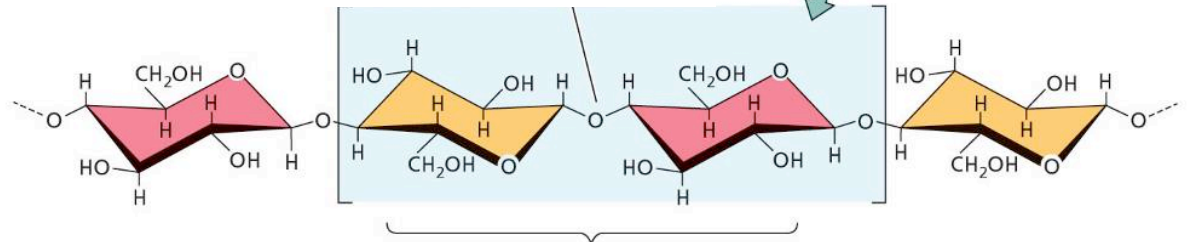
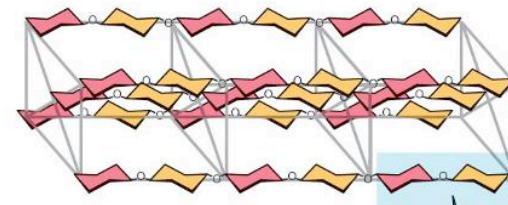
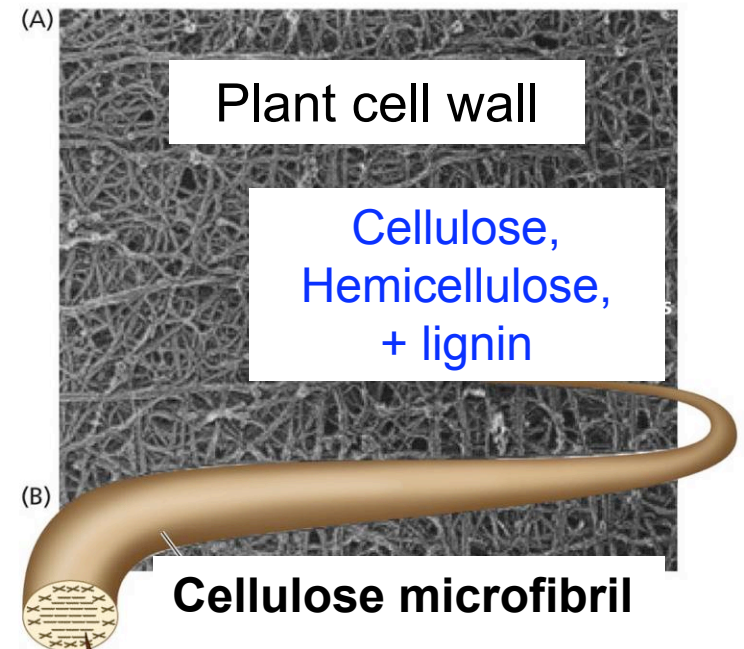
sugars

enzyme
digestion

chemical
pretreatments

Fermentation

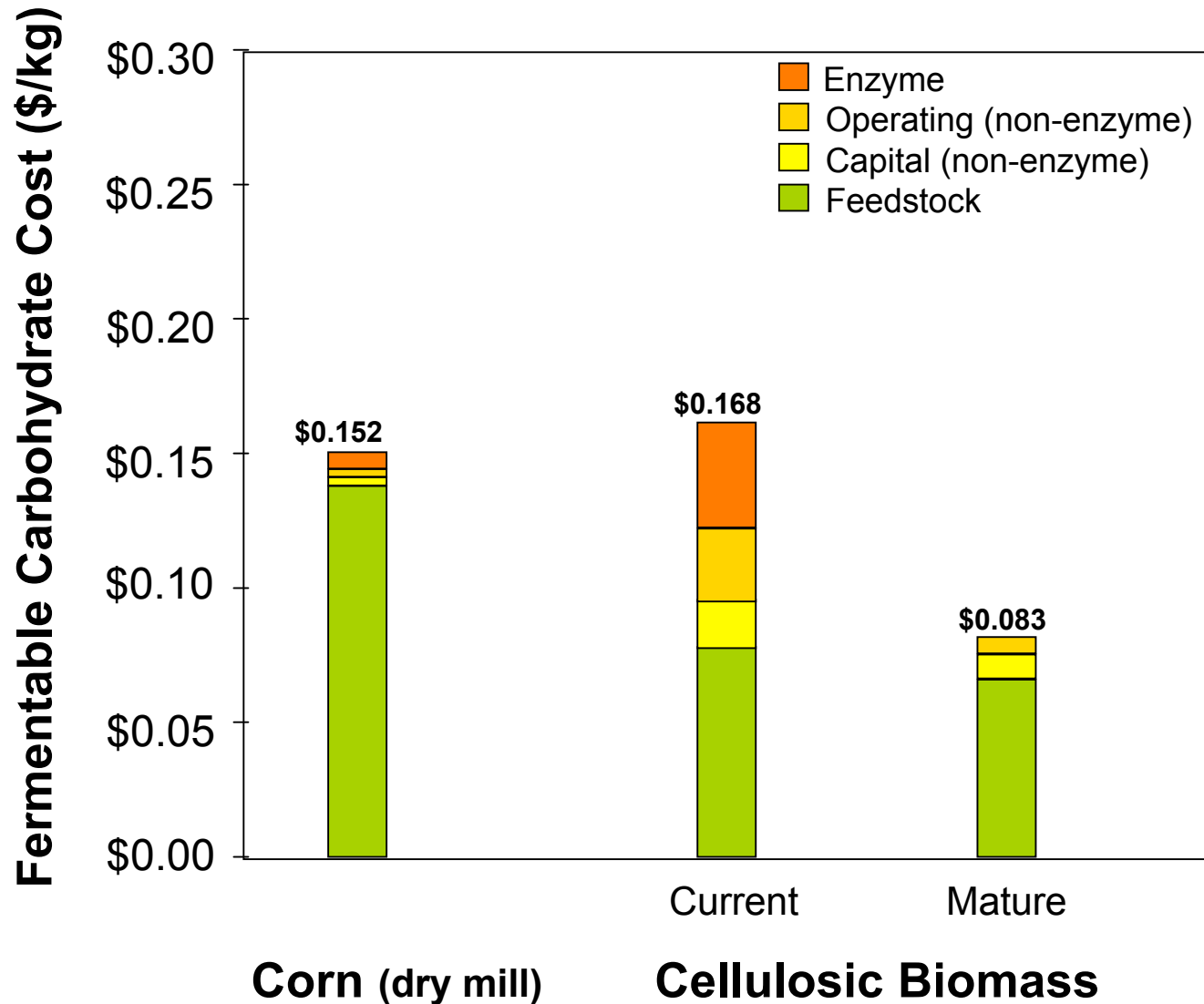
ethanol



Parallel strands of glucose polymers

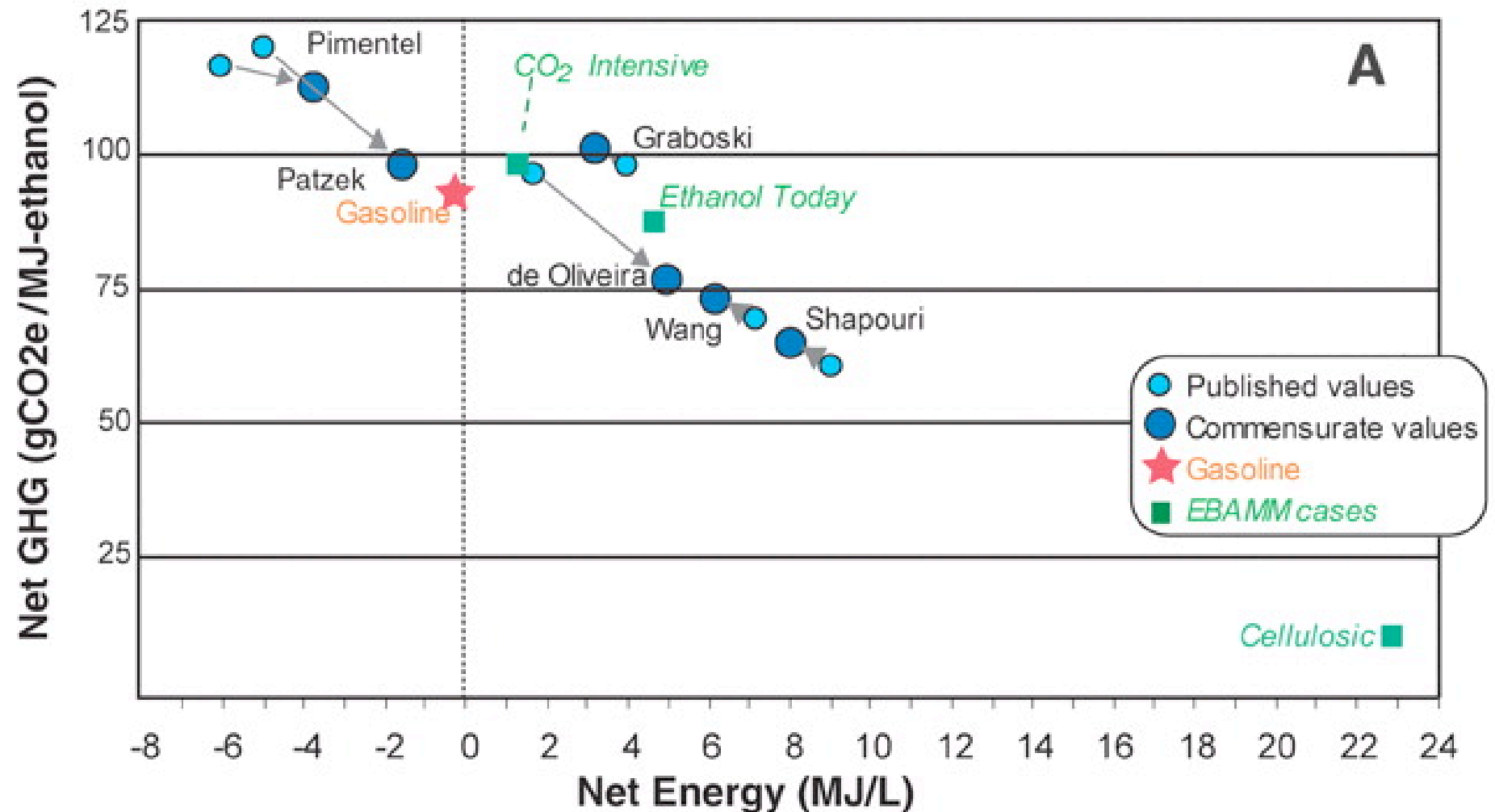
Dan Cosgrove, Penn State

Economic Drivers: Biological Processing of Lignocellulose



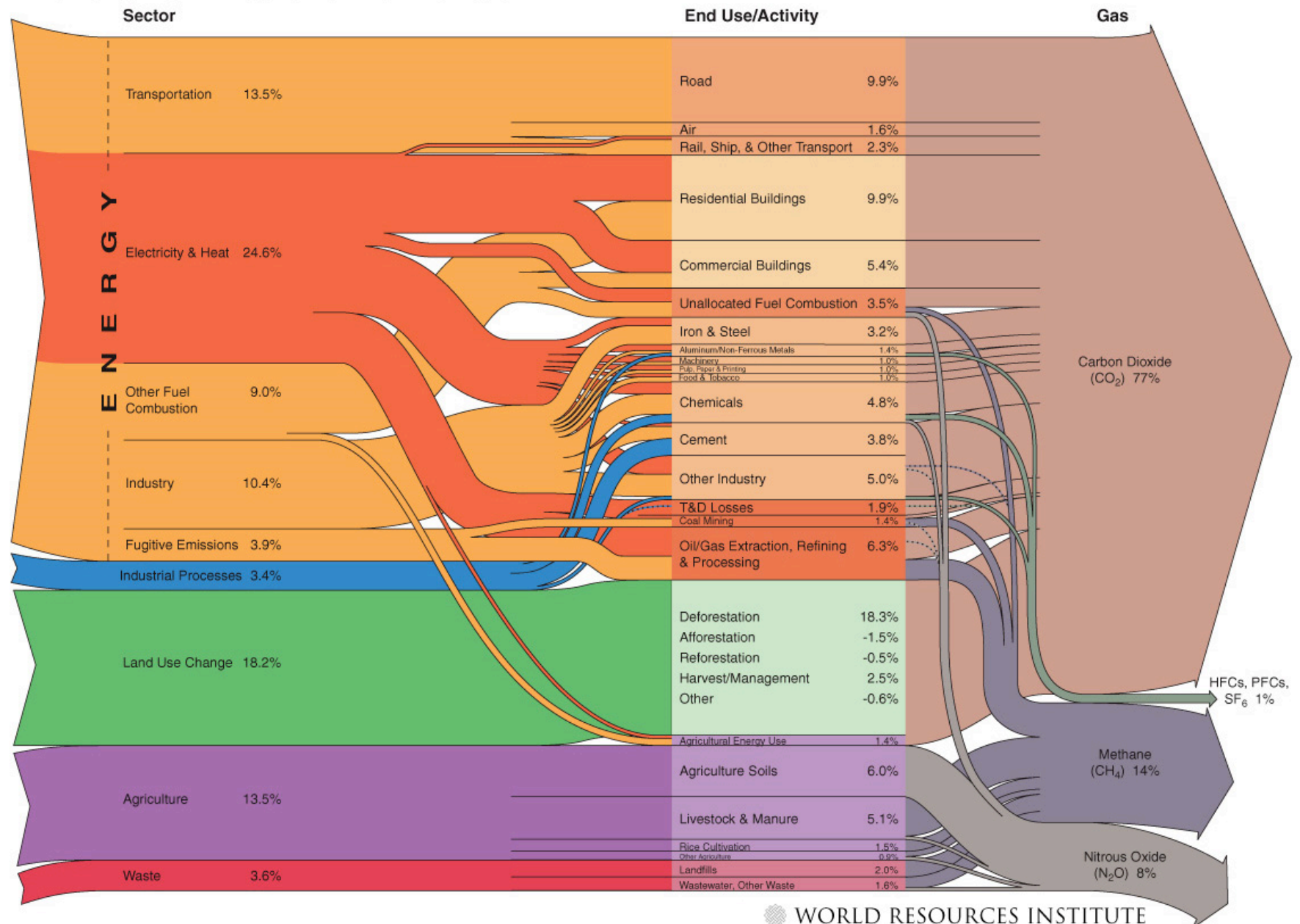
Laser and Lynd, 2007

Net energy and net greenhouse gases for gasoline, six studies, and three cases

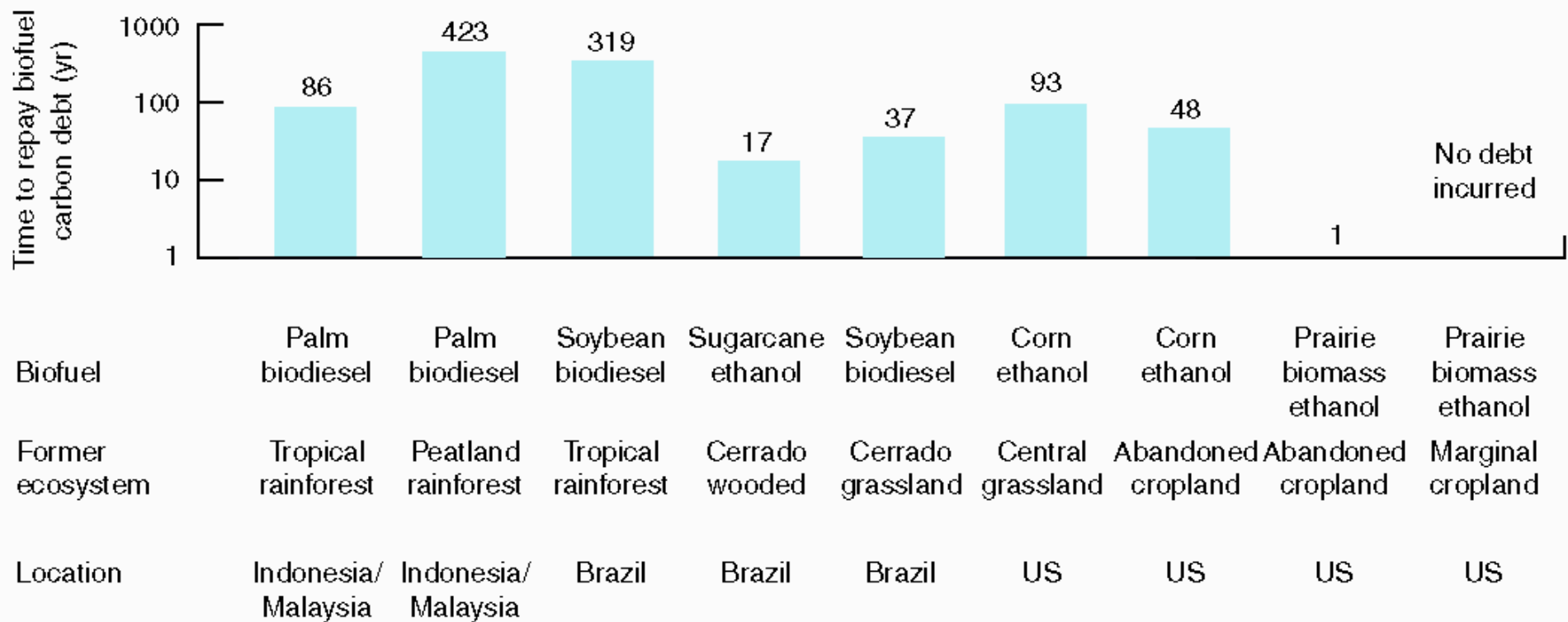


A. E. Farrell et al., Science 311, 506 -508 (2006)

World GHG Emissions Flow Chart



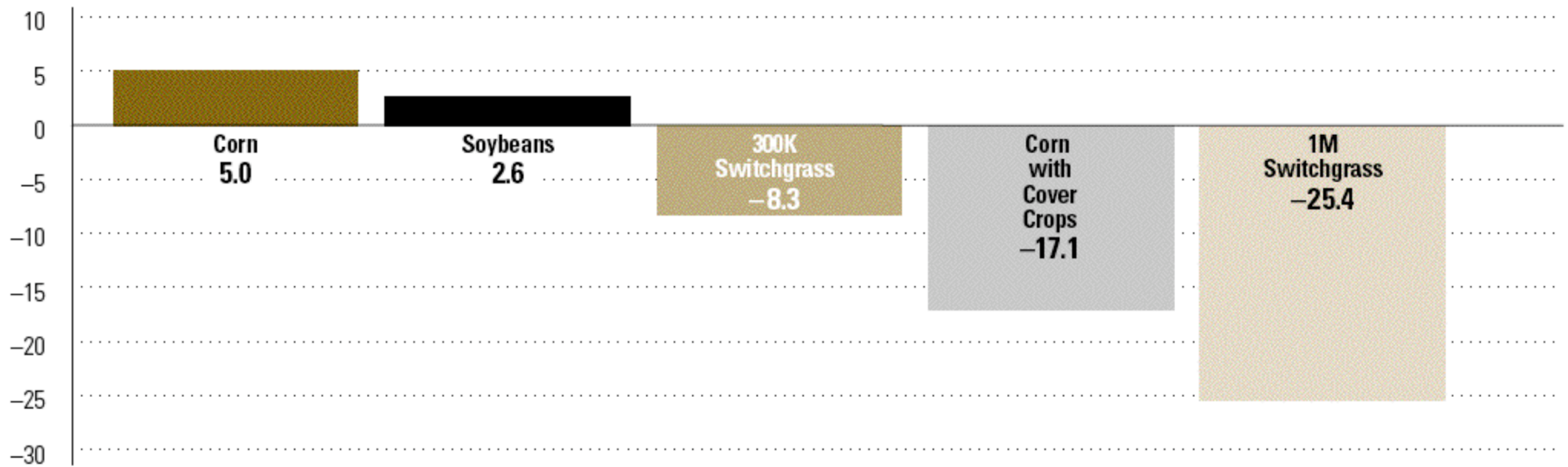
The Carbon Debt Mortgage from Land Use Change



Fargione, J., J. Hill, D. Tilman, S. Polasky, and P. Hawthorne, 2008, "Land Cleaning and Biofuel Carbon Debt," *Scienceexpress*, available at www.sciencexpress.org, Feb. 7.

Maximum Nitrogen Load Changes for Biofuels

Millions of pounds per year of nitrogen delivered from the Chesapeake Bay watershed to the Bay under five modeling scenarios.



Assumptions for Alternative Scenarios:

- Corn:** 300,000 additional acres of corn with typical levels of management practices
- Soybeans:** 300,000 additional acres of soybeans with typical levels of management practices
- 300K Switchgrass:** 300,000 acres of switchgrass, converted primarily from hay and pastureland, with no fertilization
- Corn with Cover Crops:** Cover crops on all existing and new (additional 300,000) corn acres and one quarter of all other row crops, watershed-wide.
- 1M Switchgrass:** 1 million acres of switchgrass, converted primarily from hay and pastureland, with no fertilization

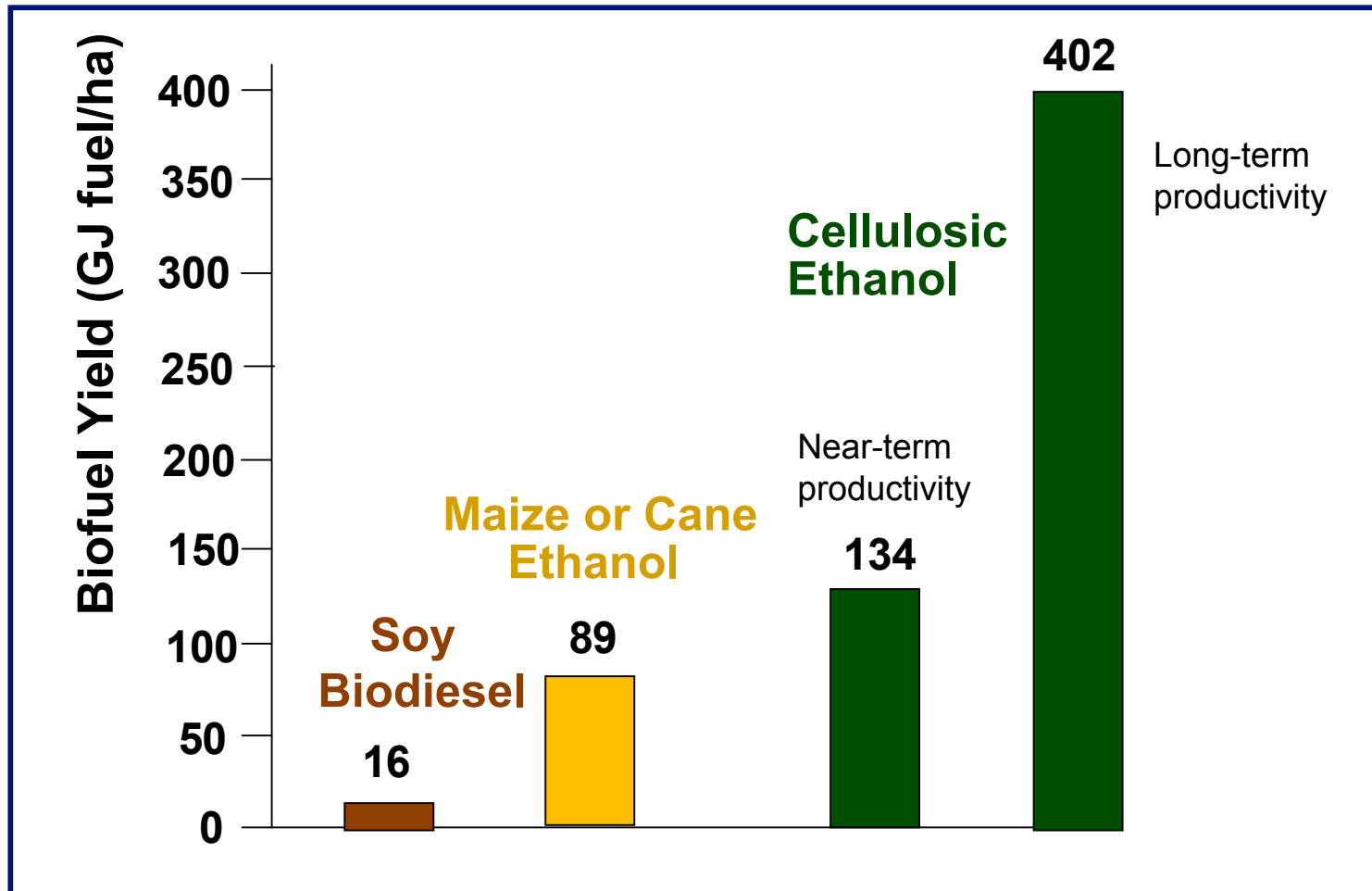
SOURCE: U.S. EPA CHESAPEAKE BAY PROGRAM OFFICE

Five Sustainable Sources

- Organic Wastes
- Algae (?)
- Perennial Crops
- 21st Century Forestry
- Multi-functional Agriculture



Comparative Land Productivity of Biofuel Options



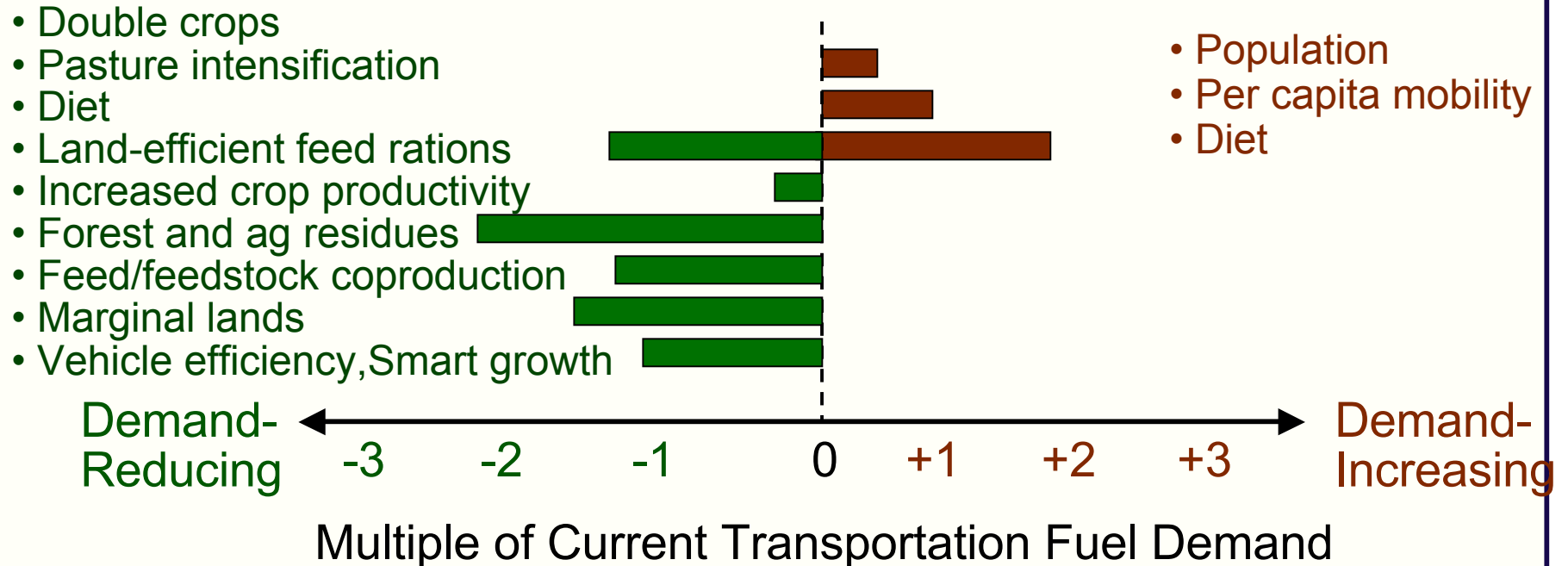
Crop Yields (U.S. except Cane)

Near-term cellulosic: 5 dry ton/acre
 Long-term cellulosic: 15 dton/acre
 Corn: 160 bushel/acre
 Cane: 3 tons sugar (dry)/acre
 Soy: 42 bushel/acre

Fuel Yields

Cellulosic ethanol 91 gal gasoline eq./ton (RBAEF)
 Corn ethanol: 2.8 gal/bushel
 Soy oil: 18% of bean (dry basis)
 0.47 kg ethanol/kg sugar
 Biodiesel yield: 0.95 kg/kg soy oil

Quantitative evaluation of land use impacts (global)



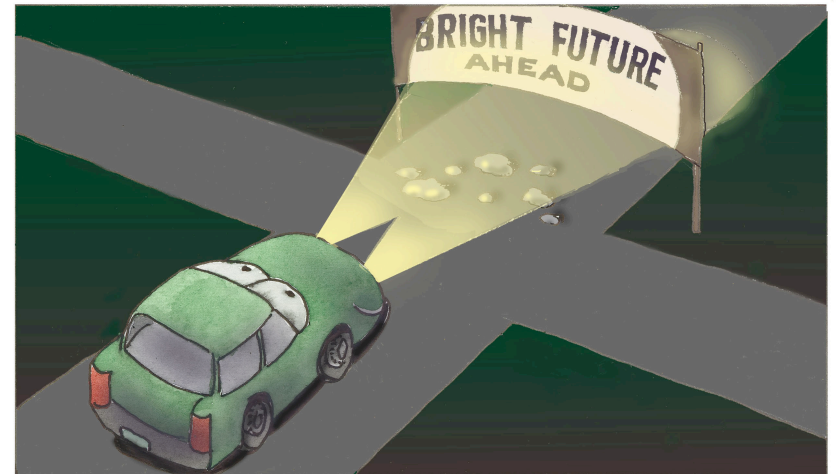
Global Sustainable Bioenergy: Feasibility & Implementation Paths

- “GSB Project”

Project initiated (June, 2009)

- International Organizing Committee formed
- Joint statement in *Issues in Science and Technology*
- Web site launched

Key Question: *Is it physically possible for bioenergy to meet a substantial fraction of future world mobility and/or electricity demand while our global society also meets other important needs.*



“High Beams” Approach

Staged structure

1. Meetings, assemble international team, scope project, get support
2. Address key question posed above unconstrained by current realities
3. Work back to the present considering policy, economic, transition, and development issues

GSB Project: Stage 1 Meetings & Organizing Committee

Representation	Host Institutions, Location	Meeting Chairs/ Organizing Committee Members	Dates
European Union	Kluyver Center for Genomics of Industrial Fermentations, Delft, The Netherlands	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Andre Faaij, Utrecht University • Patricia Osseweijer, Delft University of Technology 	February, 24-26, 2010
Africa	University of Stellenbosch, Stellenbosch, South Africa	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Emile van Zyl, University of Stellenbosch • August Temu, World Agroforestry Centre, Nairobi 	March, 17-19, 2010
South America	University of São Paulo, São Paulo, Brazil	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▪ José Goldemberg, University of São Paulo ▪ Carlos Henrique de Brito Cruz, FAPESP, São Paulo 	March, 22-24, 2010
North America	▪ University of Minnesota, Minneapolis/St. Paul, USA	• John Foley, University of Minnesota	May, 2010
Asia, Oceania	TBD	Reinhold Mann, Battelle Science and Technology, Malaysia	June 2010?

Steering Committee: Nathanael Greene, Natural Resources Defense Council
Lee Lynd (Chair), Dartmouth, Mascoma Corp.
Tom Richard, Pennsylvania State University

- *Sustainable forests and agricultural systems are a prerequisite for sustainable biomass energy systems*



Photo by USDA NRCS

www.bioenergy.psu.edu

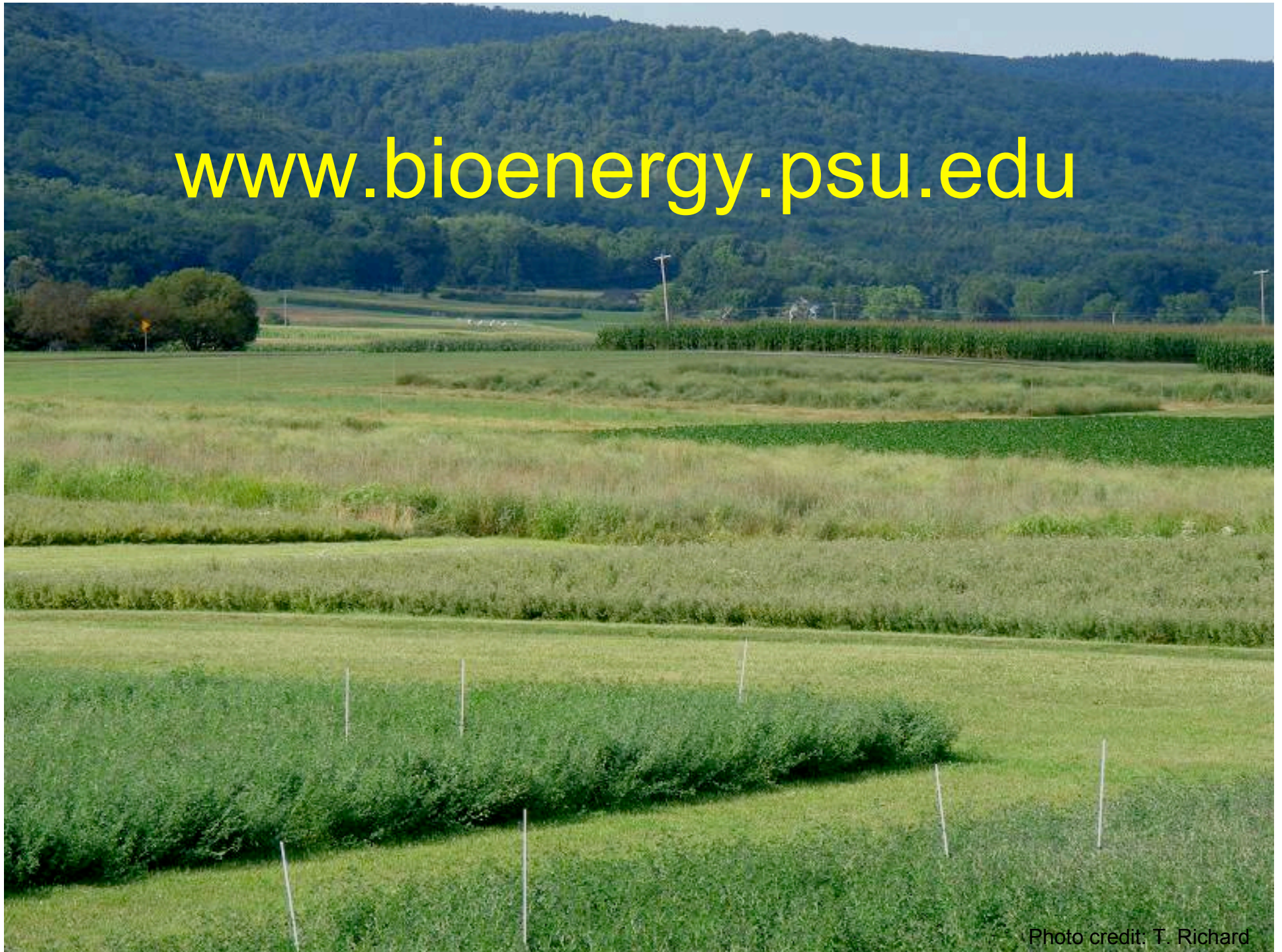


Photo credit: T. Richard